IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

- 1.-3. (cancelled)
- 4. (currently amended) A method of manufacturing a silicon single crystal ingot by Czochralski method or MCZ method, wherein silicon single crystal pulling is performed in a range of including the steps of controlling the nitrogen concentration and oxygen concentration within a melt chamber, which falls to fall within an area in a graph in which the oxygen concentration and the nitrogen concentration are plotted along the horizontal axis and the vertical axis of the graph, respectively, on or below a first straight line connecting a point at which the nitrogen concentration is 3 X 10¹⁵ atoms/cm³ when the oxygen concentration is 7 X 10¹⁷ atoms/cm³ and a point at which the nitrogen concentration is 3 X 10¹⁴ atoms/cm³ when the oxygen concentration is 1.6 X 10¹⁸ atoms/cm³, and pulling the silicon single crystal in the melt chamber while controlling the nitrogen and oxygen concentration so that wherein the nitrogen concentration increases gradually from a shoulder portion to a tail portion of the silicon single crystal ingot whereas and the oxygen concentration decreases gradually from the shoulder portion to the tail portion, and wherein the nitrogen and oxygen concentrations make a second line from the shoulder portion to the tail portion of the silicon single crystal ingot substantially parallel to the first straight line.
- 5. (currently amended) A method of manufacturing a silicon single crystal ingot by Czochralski method or MCZ method, wherein silicon single crystal pulling is performed in including the steps of controlling a range of nitrogen concentration and oxygen concentration within a melt chamber to fall, which falls within an area in a graph in which the oxygen concentration and the nitrogen concentration are plotted along the horizontal axis and the vertical axis of the graph, respectively, on or below a first straight line connecting a point at which the nitrogen concentration is 3 X 10¹⁵ atoms/cm³ when the oxygen concentration is 7 X 10¹⁷ atoms/cm³ and a point at which the nitrogen concentration is 3 X 10¹⁴ atoms/cm³ when the oxygen concentration is 1.6 X 10¹⁸ atoms/cm³, wherein and pulling the silicon single crystal in the melt chamber while controlling the nitrogen and oxygen concentration so that the nitrogen concentration increases gradually from a shoulder portion to a tail portion of the silicon single crystal ingot whereas and the oxygen concentration decreases gradually from the shoulder portion to the tail

portion, and, wherein the nitrogen concentration in the tail portion is set less than 3 X 10¹⁵ atoms/cm³.

6.-7. (cancelled)

- 8. (previously amended) A silicon ingot prepared by Czochralski or MCZ method, wherein nitrogen concentration of a tail portion of the silicon ingot is from 1 X 10¹⁵ atoms/cm³ to 3 X 10¹⁵ atoms/cm³, and wherein oxygen concentration is lowered corresponding to an in accordance with an increase in nitrogen concentration from a shoulder portion to the tail portion such that the nitrogen concentration and the oxygen concentration along a longitudinal direction of the silicon ingot vary in accordance with a second line in a graph in which the oxygen concentration and the nitrogen concentration are plotted along the horizontal axis and the vertical axis of the graph, respectively, substantially parallel to a first straight line connecting a point at which the nitrogen concentration is 3 X 10¹⁵ atoms/cm³ when the oxygen concentration is 7 X 10¹⁷ atoms/cm³ and a point at which the nitrogen concentration is 3 X 10¹⁸ atoms/cm³.
- 9. (previously presented) The silicon ingot according to claim 8, wherein the oxygen concentration in the silicon ingot is controlled corresponding to a change in the nitrogen concentration in the silicon ingot.

10.-21. (cancelled)

22. (currently amended) A method of manufacturing the epitaxial silicon wafer prepared from the silicon wafer substrate sliced from the silicon single crystal ingot manufactured by the method recited in claim 4, comprising including the steps of:

grinding the silicon wafer substrate, and performing epitaxial growth on the ground silicon wafer.

23.-24. (cancelled)

25. (currently amended) A method of manufacturing the epitaxial silicon wafer prepared from the silicon wafer substrate sliced from the silicon single crystal ingot recited in claim 8, eomprising including the steps of:

grinding the silicon wafer substrate, and performing epitaxial growth on the ground silicon wafer.

26.-41. (cancelled)

42. (currently amended) A method of manufacturing an epitaxial wafer comprising the steps of:

pulling s <u>a</u> silicon ingot by Czochralski method or MCZ method <u>in a melt chamber</u>, <u>controlling the doping of</u>, <u>wherein</u> nitrogen <u>is doped</u> in the silicon ingot such that a nitrogen concentration in a tail portion of the silicon ingot is <u>set to be</u> less than 3 X 10¹⁵ atoms/cm³ and <u>wherein controlling</u> an oxygen concentration in the silicon ingot <u>is adjusted</u> corresponding to a change of the nitrogen concentration in the silicon ingot:

slicing the silicon ingot to obtain a silicon wafer; and performing epitaxial growth on the sliced silicon wafer.

43. (cancelled)